

APPLICATION

- (a) These Playing Conditions shall apply to all Finals Series matches in the Shires First Grade to Shires Fourth Grade competitions.
- (b) Except as varied hereunder, the [Laws of Cricket](#) (2017 Code, 2nd Edition - 2019) shall apply. All references under the Laws of Cricket to 'Governing Body' shall mean the Sydney Cricket Association.
- (c) All references to the SCA shall mean the NSW Competitions Officers and Committee.

THE LAWS OF CRICKET: THE PREAMBLE - THE SPIRIT OF CRICKET

The Preamble applies to all members of SCA affiliates, and makes team captains responsible at all times for ensuring that play is conducted within the Spirit of the Game as well as within the Laws.

5.1 LAW 1 (THE PLAYERS) shall apply subject to the following.

5.1.1 Qualifications of Players

- (a) General
 - (i) *A player may not play in a Finals Series match in any grade, unless the player has played 5 or more matches in that grade or a lower grade within Shires 1st-4th Grade during the season, or unless the permission of the SCA has been granted. A player who has played in 7 or more matches in Shires 5th Grade and/or a combination of 7 or more matches in Shires 5th Grade and Shires 1st-4th Grade will also be eligible for finals qualification.*
 - (ii) A player may not play in a Finals Series match in any grade, if the player has played 3 or more matches during the last 5 rounds in a higher grade or grades, unless the permission of the SCA has been granted. Qualifying Finals and Semi-Finals shall constitute previous rounds for the purpose of this Playing Condition.
 - (iii) A player who has played part of a round in a higher grade as a replacement player is considered to have not played in that higher grade during that round, and a replacement player that has played in any grade for only one day of a two-day round shall be considered to have played a full match in that grade.
 - (iv) A player who has played part of a round in Shires First Grade under the Playing Condition 1.1.2 (e) is considered to have not played a full match in that grade and therefore it is not recognised towards a players finals qualification.
 - (v) Matches in the Frank Gray Shield competitions do not contribute towards eligibility.
 - (vi) Matches in non-SCA competitions, including Metropolitan Cup and Chappelow Cup, and Shires Fifth Grade do not contribute automatically towards eligibility. These matches may be considered in an application by the SCA.
 - (vii) For the purposes of this playing condition, for a player to have "played" in a match, team lists must have been exchanged and the match must have commenced.
 - (viii) In carrying out its fiduciary duty, the SCA may prevent or restrict a player's participation in Second Grade, Third Grade and/or Fourth Grade, if it

determines that a player's relative ability and experience is considered to be unfair to the competition generally.

- (b) Application for Approval
 - (i) Any application for permission to play under this Playing Condition must be made in writing to the SCA, clearly setting out details of the player's performances in all matches during the season and the reasons for the player's selection in a higher grade or grades.
 - (ii) Such application must be made no later than 12:30pm on the Tuesday prior to the Finals Series match in question.
 - (iii) If the SCA has granted approval for a player to play in a Finals Series match under (a) above, that approval shall automatically extend to any subsequent Finals Series round in the same grade, and no further application is required.
- (c) Adjacent Teams
 - (i) A club with adjacent teams in a Finals Series round may select any player eligible for the higher of those teams in any of those adjacent teams. For example, adjacent teams are First Grade/Second Grade, First Grade/Second Grade/Third Grade, and so on. However, First Grade/Third Grade are not adjacent teams.
 - (ii) If a player qualifies for a Finals Series match under (c)(i) above, and that team is defeated, the player will need to then qualify under (a)(i)-(a)(iii) or (c)(i) above to play in a subsequent Finals Series match in a lower grade.
 - (iii) The SCA does not have the authority to review a player's ineligibility under this Playing Condition.
- (d) No player may play for more than one team in the same round of any competition unless as a Replacement Player.
- (e) No player may play for more than one team on the same date in SCA competitions, except as a substitute in accordance with Law 2 of the Laws of Cricket.
- (f) Overseas Players

At any one time a club is not permitted to play more than one overseas player in Shires First Grade, except with the prior permission of the SCA, and having given 14 days' notice.
- (g) NSW Cricket Association By-Laws

A player may be an ineligible player under the provisions of NSWCA By-Law 4 (Code of Conduct) and NSWCA By-Law 11.6 (Defaulters).

5.1.2 Replacement Players

- (a) Application
 - (i) Subject to the other provisions of this Playing Condition, any player who is not available for every scheduled playing day of a match as a result of participating as a member or appointed support staff in a representative match, may replace another player when available for a match day, or be replaced by another player when not available for a match day.
 - (ii) Representative matches shall be those in which an official Australian, NSW or Big Bash League team participates.

- (iii) This Playing Condition shall also apply to representative players who are selected for other First-class, List A, Domestic T20, NSW Metropolitan U15, U17 & U19, ACT/NSW Country U15, U17 & U19, Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory, WNCL, WBL and Cricket Australia representative teams, subject to the prior permission of the SCA.
 - (iv) This Playing Condition shall also apply to players who are released from duties of 12th man and 13th man with representative teams.
 - (v) This Playing Condition shall also apply to subsequent replacements in higher or lower grades.
 - (vi) A club may elect to not extend subsequent replacements to all grades.
 - (vii) This Playing Condition shall apply to both Premier clubs and Shires clubs.
 - (viii) Subsequent replacements may include Shires players replacing Premier players, and Premier players replacing Shires players.
 - (ix) A club may nominate a substitute fielder, rather than a replacement player, for any team.
 - (x) For the purposes of Playing Condition 5.1.1 only, a half-match shall be the equivalent of a full match, where a player plays in any grade for only one day of a two-day round.
- (b) Availability of Representative Player Known or Anticipated
- (i) A club shall anticipate the selection of a player for a representative team if the player was selected for that team's previous match, after taking into account the availability of international players for both matches.
 - (ii) Where a club knows or anticipates that a player is not available for every day of a match, it must nominate its team in each grade with replacement(s), prior to the commencement of each match. In such circumstances:
 - (A) the club need not apply to the SCA for permission to use replacement players;
 - (B) each team must nominate on its team sheet list, each replacing player and replaced player prior to the toss for each match;
 - (C) if a replaced player is subsequently omitted from the representative team, all subsequent players are voided and the replaced player completes the match; and
 - (D) replacement(s) cannot be altered due to the representative player not playing on the second day, having been replaced on the first day.
- (c) Availability of Representative Player Not Known or Anticipated
- (i) The availability or non-availability of a player for the second and/or third day of a match, due to a representative team

commitment, is considered by the SCA to be not known or anticipated if:

- (A) the player concerned is selected for a representative team, having not been selected for its previous match;
 - (B) the player concerned is not selected for a representative team, having been selected for its previous match;
 - (C) the representative team concerned has not played a match earlier in the season; or
 - (D) special circumstances prevented the club's knowledge of the player's selection in the representative team.
- (ii) If a club wishes to amend any team for the second and/or third day of a match, as a result of such availability or non-availability of a player being not known or anticipated:
- (A) it must obtain the approval of the SCA;
 - (B) it must apply to the SCA immediately, indicating the replacing player(s), the replaced player(s), and all subsequent amendments to other grades; and
 - (C) it must certify that each such application is to replace the originally nominated player with a similar type of player.
- (iii)
- (A) in assessing an application under Playing Condition 5.1.2(c)(ii) above, the SCA will consider the current status of the match, including whether the proposed replacing player will bat, bowl or keep wickets and the player's ability as a batsman, bowler or wicketkeeper relative to the proposed replaced player.
 - (B) Should the SCA approve the club's application, each team must provide a new amended team list prior to the commencement of the second day of the match.
- (iv) The SCA may approve the replacement of a player who has been injured in the course of playing for or practising with a representative team, together with subsequent replacements in lower grades, upon prior written application.
- (v) The SCA may approve the replacement of a representative player who has been instructed to rest as a result of Cricket NSW-prescribed workload management and planning, together with subsequent replacements in lower grades, upon prior written application.
- (vi) The SCA will consider any emergency application arising from a late change to a replacement team, or altered requirements of Cricket Australia, NSWCA or SCA, upon receipt of the application.
- (vii) The captain is responsible for informing the opposing team and umpires of any approved team change.
- (d) Rights of Replaced and Replacing Players

- (i) Where a replaced player has batted and been dismissed, the replacing player may not bat in that innings.
 - (ii) Where a replaced player has begun an innings and is not out, the replacing player must continue that innings.
 - (iii) Where a replaced player has begun but not completed an over, the replacing player must complete that over.
 - (v) In all circumstances, the replacing player has the full rights of the replaced player, including the right to act as a team captain.
- (e) Shires First Grade Replacement Player

This Playing Condition is not applicable in Shires Final Series Matches

5.1.3 Law 1.2 (Nomination of players) shall be replaced as follows.

- (a) Exchange of Team Sheets
 - (i) Each captain, before tossing, must give to the other captain a list of 11 players and no alteration may be made without the consent of the opposing captain. If a captain is unavailable at that time, a deputy shall nominate the players and toss for choice of innings, as set out in Law 1 (The Players) and Law 13 (Innings).
 - (ii) Where a team includes a replacement player under Playing Condition 5.1.2, that player is also to be nominated on the team list.
 - (iii) Where a replacement player is approved for the second and/or third scheduled day after the first day's play has taken place, a new team list must be provided before the commencement of play on the second day.
 - (iv) The team list must identify all players under 19, 17, 15 or 14 years of age on 31 August prior to the cricket season in question, in the area provided.
 - (v) Where rain prevented any play after the toss had been taken on the first or second scheduled day of a match, the match becomes a new match and new team lists are to be exchanged and a new toss taken.
- (b) (i) All team lists are to be handed to one umpire prior to the commencement of play, who will forward them to the SCA with an umpire's Match Report Form.

5.1.4 Protective Equipment - The Batsman

Refer to SCA Helmet Policy

5.1.5 Clothing

- (a) The design of clothing worn by players representing teams in scheduled SCA matches is subject to the provisions of the SCA's Apparel Policy.
- (b) The wearing of coloured clothing and advertising logos on players' clothing is permitted subject to the prior approval of the SCA..

5.1.6 Use of Ineligible Player

Refer Playing Condition 5.16.9.

5.1.7 Shires Salary Cap and Points System

Each club participating in the Shires Competition is bound by the terms and conditions of the Shires Salary Cap Agreement and Shires Points System.

5.2 LAW 2 (THE UMPIRES) shall apply subject to the deletion of Law 2.2 (Change of umpire), and amendment of Law 2.1 (Appointment and attendance) as follows.

5.2.1 Two SCA-Appointed Umpires Present

- (a) Where two SCA-appointed umpires are present, they shall officiate together for the duration of play.
- (b) Subject to Law 3 (The Umpires), those umpires shall be the sole judges of the fitness of the ground, weather and light for play.

5.2.2 Only One SCA-Appointed Umpire Present

- (a) Where only one SCA-appointed umpire is present that umpire shall officiate at the non-striker's end only.
- (b) Subject to Law 2 (The Umpires), that umpire shall be the sole judge of the fitness of the ground, weather and light for play.
- (c) Where only one SCA-appointed umpire is present at the scheduled match commencement time and the captains are unable to agree on the appointment of another, the SCA-appointed umpire present shall appoint an umpire to officiate until another SCA-appointed umpire is able to commence duty.

(d) An appointed official umpire may over-rule an unofficial umpire in cases of stumpings, run outs or hit wickets. The captain of the fielding team has the right to ask for an unofficial umpire to be replaced immediately upon request.

5.2.3 No SCA-Appointed Umpire Present

- (a) Where no SCA-appointed umpire is present, the captains shall appoint umpires. Any such umpire shall have first registered with the SCA by completing an SCA registration form, which the captain's club shall submit to the SCA prior to his appointment as an umpire.
- (b) Those captains shall be the final judges of the fitness of the ground, weather and light for play.
- (c) Where the captains are in disagreement over the fitness of the ground, weather and light for play, the status of the match at the time of the disagreement is to continue until such time as mutual agreement is achieved, or the scheduled finishing time for the match is reached or the minimum quota of overs has been attained, whichever is the latest.

5.2.4 Law 2.3 (Consultation with captains) shall apply subject to the related meeting with the captains taking place on the field of play and incorporating the toss for choice of innings and the nomination of players, including the correct nomination of any replacement player.

5.2.5 Law 2.7 (Fitness for play) shall apply subject to the following.

- (a) Artificial Lighting

The use of artificial light to supplement natural daylight, in any match, is not permitted.

(b) Lightning

- (i) Play shall cease immediately, in the event that a lightning flash is followed by thunder less than 40 seconds later. Play shall not resume until 30 minutes after the last lightning flash.
- (ii) Immediately following the suspension of play, persons may enter the field of play in order to lay pitch covers. However, no person may remain on, or enter, the field of play in the event a lightning flash is followed by thunder less than 30 seconds later, and shall remain off the field of play for the duration of the period that play is suspended under this Playing Condition.

(c) Extreme Heat

Refer Extreme Heat Policy.

(d) The Pitch and Ground Preparation

- (i) The host club is solely responsible for the preparation of the pitch and ground to the best possible standard prior to the commencement of play on each scheduled playing day.
- (ii) In the event that the pitch or ground is unreasonable or dangerous for play at the scheduled time for commencement of play, the host club shall take all reasonable steps to make the pitch and ground playable as soon as is reasonably practicable. In appropriate circumstances, this Playing Condition may oblige the host club to prepare and make ready a substitute pitch.

(e) Match Pitch

Where the umpires decide that a pitch is unreasonable or dangerous for play, the following procedure shall be followed:

- (i) Where both captains agree to play on another pitch, the captains shall note their agreement on their Match Reports, and advise the umpires, and the match shall continue on that pitch, and the match result shall stand.
- (ii) Where both captains do not agree to play on another pitch, the match shall be either abandoned, or played under protest (subject to 5.2.5 (d) (iii) below). If the match is played under protest:
 - (A) The protesting captain shall advise the umpires and opposing captain prior to the continuation of play; and
 - (B) Each umpire, and each captain's club, shall advise the SCA in writing of the reasons for either not playing, or playing under protest, within 1 working day.
- (iii) The right to protest shall cease if the protesting team has gained any competition points from the result of the match.

(f) Rain

After an interval or interruption, subject to the other provisions of Law 2.8, play will resume unless the umpires together agree that conditions are or have become unsuitable or dangerous. It should be

noted that the Laws of Cricket do not require rain to stop, prior to Umpires resuming play at such times.

(g) Responsibilities of Umpires

Subject to Law 2 (The Umpires) and Playing Condition 5.2, SCA-appointed umpires are the sole judges of the fitness of the pitch, ground, weather and light, for play at any time, but must not abandon a match prior to the scheduled time for commencement of play.

(h) Light Meters

The use of Light Meters, if available, shall be applied as a benchmark for the remainder of a stoppage to determine whether there has been at any stage a deterioration or improvement in the light.

5.3 LAW 3 (THE SCORERS) shall apply subject to the following.

A printed or handwritten score record shall be available, if necessary, at all times during play. Any scorer wishing to score by computer shall, prior to play, fully charge the computer's battery; during inclement weather, power the computer only by battery; at the end of every over, save all records; during every scheduled interval, print a full score record; and at all times carry a spare ink cartridge, file storage device and scoresheets.

5.4 LAW 4 (THE BALL) shall apply subject to the following.

5.4.1 Law 4.2 (Approval and control of balls)

- (a) Balls used in all competitions shall be red four-piece, first-quality Kookaburra "Regulation" only. Additional options are available only in Shires Third and Fourth Grade - See clause 1.4.1(c) below
- (b) All competitions - The umpires shall retain possession of the match ball throughout the duration of the innings when play is not actually taking place; however, the umpires shall not take possession of the ball in use at the completion of each day's play.
- (c) In addition to clause (a) above, a red Kookaburra Senator 4-piece ball or a red Kookaburra Regulation "Reject" ball are permitted in Shires Third and Fourth Grade matches only. A "Reject" ball is defined by a black "X" that can be found stamped near the seam of the ball.
- (d) Law 4.2.1 shall not apply in any grade.

5.4.2 Law 4.3 (New ball). Law 4.3 is varied by the suspension of the right of the captain of the batting team to demand the use of a new ball at the commencement of its second innings.

5.4.3 Law 4.5 (Ball lost or becoming unfit for play)

- a) In the event of the ball becoming lost or, in the opinion of the umpires, unfit for play, the ball shall be replaced with a Kookaburra "Regulation" ball that has had a similar amount of wear (subject to 1.4.3 (c) and 1.4.3 (e) below).
- b) In the event that a suitable Kookaburra "Regulation" ball is unavailable, the umpires shall immediately suspend play until such time as a suitable replacement "Regulation" ball becomes available.
- c) The two captains may agree to continue play with any Kookaburra "Regulation" ball, in the event that a ball with a similar amount of wear is not available.

- d) Subject to 5.4.3 (b) above, the number of overs and/or time lost whilst play has been suspended shall be added on to the last session. The period for which play is suspended shall not count as part of playing time.
- e) Both teams shall assist with the application of this Playing Condition, by providing a selection of replacement balls of suitable age, condition and colour, for use if required.

5.5 LAW 5 (THE BAT) shall apply.

5.6 LAW 6 (THE PITCH) shall apply subject to the following.

No match shall be played on a synthetic pitch.

5.7 LAW 7 (THE CREASES) shall apply.

5.8 LAW 8 (THE WICKETS) shall apply.

5.9 LAW 9 (PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE PLAYING AREA) shall apply subject to the following.

5.9.1 General

For each day of each match, the playing area must always be prepared to the best-possible standard.

5.9.2 Match played on consecutive days (e.g. Friday/Saturday/Sunday or Saturday/Sunday)

Prior to each of the match's second and third consecutive days, the pitch shall not be rolled for more than 7 minutes, and such rolling shall not commence more than 30 minutes prior to the scheduled commencement of play. In other words a pitch shall not receive unlimited rolling after a match has commenced, and match umpires will be able to supervise all pitch rolling after a match has commenced, and only vary such procedures as permitted by the Laws of Cricket.

5.10 LAW 10 (COVERING THE PITCH) shall apply subject to the amendment of Law 10.2 (During the match) as follows.

5.10.1 General

All participants in every match are to strive to maximise opportunities to play.

5.10.2 Pitch Covers

- (a) Pitch covers are to be made available and used for all matches, unless the permission of the SCA has been granted to the contrary.
- (b)
 - (i) The pitch and bowlers' approaches must be entirely protected against rain up to the commencement of play and for the duration of the match.
 - (ii) Pitch covers must be laid as late as possible overnight prior to each day's play and, if the weather is fine, raised as early as possible the next morning.
 - (iii) If it is raining or conditions are threatening, covers may remain in place on the pitch until the actual start of play.
 - (iv) At the conclusion of each day's play, the officiating umpires and visiting captain shall satisfy themselves that the covers have been properly laid prior to the following day's play.

- (c) It is the responsibility of the home club to immediately advise the SCA by telephone, when, for any reason, it is not possible to lay pitch covers overnight prior to any day's play.
- (d) Pitch covers are to be laid at the same time each day and raised at the same time each day, except as required by wet or threatening weather or when the condition of the pitch is such that laying covers will have a no, or a detrimental effect upon the pitch.

5.10.3 Form of Pitch Covering

All pitch covers are to be appropriate and, unless the prior written permission of the SCA has been granted to the contrary, they are to be:

- (a) made of a suitable material (not single layer landscaper's plastic);
- (b) used over a hessian underlay, which covers the pitch area; and
- (c) used in accordance with methods approved and distributed by the SCA.
- (d) A match-pitch undercover (min 3m x 22m) must be laid, as well as the main cover and hessian underlay, in all matches, unless the prior permission of the SCA has been granted.

5.10.4 Sponge Rollers

- (a) A separate sponge roller must be available for every match in every grade.
- (b) A sponge roller may be used at any necessary time. Such use does not constitute rolling of the pitch under Law 9.
- (c) Sponge rollers may be used, whether the covers are in place on the pitch or not, to remove surface water so as to enable play to commence, or recommence, as soon as possible.

5.10.5 Finals Series

The SCA may determine additional pitch covering requirements for Finals Series matches.

5.11 LAW 11 (INTERVALS) shall apply subject to the following.

5.11.1 Law 11.2.2 (Duration of intervals)

The 10-minute interval between innings shall result in a reduction in the minimum quota of overs by two (2) overs (refer 5.17.1 (c)).

5.11.2 Law 15.2.1 (Duration of intervals)

- (a) Luncheon Interval
 - (i) The luncheon interval is 40 minutes, computed from the end of the over in progress at 12:30pm.
 - (ii) No luncheon interval is to be taken where there is no play before 12:30pm on either day.
 - (iii) Where play commences late, but prior to 12:30pm, the luncheon interval is to be moved back 30 minutes for each whole 30 minutes delay in the start of play, to a maximum of 90 minutes
- (b) Afternoon Tea Interval

- (i) The afternoon tea interval is 20 minutes, computed from the end of the over in progress at 3:10pm.
- (ii) Where play commences after 3:10pm, no afternoon tea interval is to be taken.
- (iii) Where play commences between 12:30pm and 3:10pm, the afternoon tea interval is to commence at the conclusion of the over in progress half way between the start of play and the re-scheduled finishing time.
- (i) Where play commences late, but prior to 12:30pm, the afternoon tea interval is to be moved back 30 minutes for each whole 30 minutes delay in the start of play, to a maximum of 90 minutes.
- (ii) The two captains may not agree to forgo the afternoon tea interval.

5.11.3 Law 11.8.1 (Intervals for drinks) shall apply with the addition of the following.

Captains should ensure drinks are ready at least 5 minutes prior to any scheduled drinks interval.

5.11.4 Law 11.8.4 (Last hour) shall not apply.

5.12 LAW 12 (START OF PLAY; CESSATION OF PLAY) shall apply subject to the following.

5.12.1 Amendment to Match Date(s) or Venue

- (a) Match dates and venues may only be amended with the permission of the SCA. Any club wishing to amend the dates or venue of a match must first apply in writing to the SCA, setting out the reasons for that application. Applications must be received by the SCA no later than 24 hours prior to the scheduled start of the match.
- (b) In the event of wholly unforeseen circumstances unrelated to inclement weather, a club may amend the date(s) and/or venue of a match less than 24 hours prior to the match, with the prior approval of the SCA Secretary or an SCA Committee Member. The result of that match shall be subject to subsequent ratification by the SCA.
- (c) For the purpose of this Playing Condition, individual grounds within one complex of grounds shall be considered to be separate venues.

5.12.2 Playing Hours

- (a) **Scheduled Days**
All Finals Series matches are played over 2 days.
- (b) In Shires Competition, scheduled playing time is from 10:30am to 5:30pm.
- (c) Play will continue on each match day until the minimum quota of overs has been completed.
- (d) Where the minimum quota of overs has been completed prior to the scheduled or rescheduled finishing time, play will continue until that scheduled or rescheduled finishing time, subject to 5.12.2 (e) below.
- (e) Except for the last day of the match, play shall not continue if a batsman is dismissed or retires during an over with less than 3

minutes of playing time remaining, or any time thereafter, providing the minimum quota of overs has been bowled.

- (f) Completion of last over of match - The over in progress at the close of play on the final day shall be completed unless either (i) a result is achieved during the over in progress or (ii) the players have occasion to leave the field. In this case there shall be no resumption of play except in the circumstances of Law 16.9 (Mistakes in scoring) and the match shall be at an end.
- (g) For all matches played during non-daylight saving periods, every time specified in these rules shall be brought forward 1 hour.

5.12.3 Law 12.4 (Starting a new over) shall apply subject to the following.

Play will continue after the scheduled close of play, if necessary, to achieve the minimum quota of overs. (Refer also Playing Condition 5.17.1 (c) Quota of Overs).

5.12.4 Law 12.5 (Completion of an over) shall apply subject to the following.

Where a wicket falls in the last over after the scheduled cessation time, but the quota of overs has not been achieved, the over must be completed in order to complete the minimum number of overs.

5.12.5 Late Starts

Umpires are to note in their Match Reports any late start to play and the reason for the delay.

5.12.6 Loss of Entire Day's Play or Ground Closed

Where there is no play on a scheduled day in any match, the home club must complete and submit to the SCA a report setting out the reasons why play was not possible.

5.12.7 Law 12.6, Law 12.7 & Law 12.8 (Last hour of match) shall not apply.

5.13 LAW 13 (INNINGS) shall apply subject to the following.

5.13.1 (The Toss)

The captains shall toss for the choice of innings, on the field of play and in the presence of one or both umpires, *30 minutes before the scheduled start, or minimum 15 minutes before any rescheduled later time for the match to start.* The captain winning the toss must immediately notify the opposing captain and the umpires of his decision to bat or bowl. Note the provision of Law 1.3 (Captain)

5.14 LAW 14 (THE FOLLOW-ON) shall apply.

5.15 LAW 15 (DECLARATION AND FORFEITURE) shall apply subject to the following.

- (a) No team shall be permitted to forfeit its first innings.
- (b) No team shall be permitted to declare its first innings closed until it has avoided the appropriate follow-on total.

5.16 LAW 16 (THE RESULT) shall apply subject to the following.

5.16.1 Finals Series

- (a) Qualifying Finals
 - (i) In each grade, the six most highly-ranked teams shall play Qualifying Finals, as follows- 1st v 6th, 2nd v 5th and 3rd v 4th.

- (ii) The teams that contest the Qualifying Finals but do not qualify for the Semi-Finals shall be awarded 5th and 6th positions, according to their relative positions after the preliminary rounds.
- (b) Semi-Finals
 - (i) The higher-ranked team in each Qualifying Final shall contest the Semi-Finals, unless it is both defeated by the lower-ranked team, and a more highly-ranked team is also defeated in its Qualifying Final.
 - (ii) The winner of each Qualifying Final in which a result is achieved, and the higher-ranked team in each drawn or tied Qualifying Final, shall then be re-ranked 1st, 2nd and 3rd, according to their relative positions after the preliminary rounds.
 - (iii) Of the remaining teams, the team ranked highest after the preliminary rounds shall be re-ranked 4th.
 - (iv) Semi-Finals shall then be played as follows- 1st v 4th, and 2nd v 3rd.
 - (v) The teams that contest the Semi-Finals but do not qualify for the Grand Final shall be awarded 3rd and 4th positions, according to their relative positions after the Qualifying Finals.
- (c) Grand Finals
 - (i) The higher-ranked team in each Semi-Final shall contest the Grand Final, unless it is defeated by the lower-ranked team, which shall then contest the Grand Final.
 - (ii) The higher-ranked team in the Grand Final shall be declared premier, unless it is defeated by the lower-ranked team, which shall then be declared premier.
 - (iii) The team that contests the Grand Final but is not declared premier shall be awarded 2nd position.
- (d) The SCA will determine the venue for each Finals Series match.
- (e) An outright result, including an outright tie, shall supersede any prior result on first innings.

5.16.2 Captain's Match Report does not apply.

5.16.3 SCA Rule 22 (Investigations of Matches, Protests and Disputes)

- (a) Any club wishing the SCA to adjudicate on any dispute in connection with any match shall, within 1 working day after the dispute has arisen, forward to the SCA a clear statement in writing of the matter in dispute, signed by the Secretary or other Office Bearer of the club.
- (b) Whether or not a complaint or protest has been made or lodged, and in its absolute discretion, the SCA has the power to investigate the circumstances of any match in such manner as in its absolute discretion the SCA thinks fit, under the provisions of SCA Rule 22 and these Playing Conditions.
- (c) After carrying out such an investigation, the SCA may determine that an action of a team:

- (i) was unfair and could have influenced the outcome of the match; or
- (ii) was unfair to any teams in the same competition.
- (d) The SCA's powers include, but are not limited to, the power to:
 - (i) award a match to one team, or both teams jointly;
 - (ii) amend or extend the scheduled hours of play in a match;
 - (iii) commence or continue a match on an adjoining pitch, or at another venue;
 - (iv) give such directions to the host club, regarding the manner in which work should be carried out on a pitch and ground, as the SCA in its absolute discretion thinks fit; and
 - (v) fine, suspend or disqualify a player or club.

5.16.4 Nomination of Players (Playing Condition 5.1.3)

The refusal by a captain or his deputy to exchange team lists prior to the toss renders the offending team liable to being considered by the SCA to have conceded the match.

5.16.5 Fitness of Ground, Weather and Light (Playing Condition 5.2.4)

- (a) The SCA may investigate whether the pitch and ground for any match has been prepared both to the best possible standard, and as soon as is reasonably practical.
- (b) In its investigation, the SCA may without limitation consider all surrounding circumstances, including:
 - (i) the condition of the pitch and ground, both at the time and during previous matches;
 - (ii) weather conditions, both at the time and prior to the match;
 - (iii) the method and use of pitch protection and ground preparation equipment; and
 - (iv) and the likelihood of the pitch and ground being made ready for play in time to achieve a result or further result in the match.

5.16.6 Covering the Pitch (Playing Condition 5.10)

- (a) A team that has breached the above Playing Condition may be deemed to have lost the match.
- (b) The opposing team may be deemed to have won the match.

5.16.7 Law 16.3 (Umpires awarding a match)

- (a) In any Finals Series match, a team that is awarded a match under Law 16.3 may be deemed to have won the match, and the opposing team may be deemed to have lost the match.
- (b) Where a match is awarded against a team, any other team of that club which, in that round, plays a match in a grade lower than that team may also have its match awarded to the opposing team, unless play has commenced in the former match.

5.16.8 Law 16.8 (Correctness of result)

In any match, the captains shall be responsible for ensuring that the scorebooks are accurate. Where the scores of the match are in dispute, the captains and umpires shall, at the conclusion of the day's play, investigate and verify the correctness of the scorebooks and determine the correct result before leaving the ground.

5.16.9 Use of Ineligible Player

Where a player participates in any match while ineligible, including under the provisions of Playing Conditions 5.1 and 5.2:

- (a) the team concerned may be regarded as having lost the match or matches in which such player participated; and
- (d) the SCA or the NSW Cricket Board may take further action against the club or player concerned, if it deems fit.

5.16.10 Right of Appeal

A club may appeal to the NSW Cricket Board against any determination by the SCA arising from a match in which it competed, in accordance with the SCA's Rules.

5.17 LAW 17 (THE OVER) shall apply subject to the following.

5.17.1 Quota of Overs

- (a) The minimum quota for each day is 96 overs, provided there is no interruption to scheduled playing time
- (b) Where the commencement of play on any scheduled day is delayed, or there is any interruption(s) to that day's play, the minimum quota is reduced by one over for each 3.75 minutes of scheduled playing time lost, subject to 5.17.2 below (refer Table 2 on page 22).
- (c) Each change of innings shall result in a reduction in the minimum quota of overs by two (2) overs, except that no overs shall be deducted if the change of innings occurs wholly during a break in play due to weather, or a luncheon or tea interval, or if the change of innings is the result of a team forfeiting its innings.
- (d) Where there is a change of innings on either scheduled day, the minimum quota of overs for a new innings shall be calculated by:
 - (i) deducting from the daily minimum quota, any overs bowled and any over reductions for loss of play and the change of innings (no deductions are made for the change of innings if it is wholly contained within a break in play due to weather, or a luncheon or tea interval);
or if higher:
 - (ii) calculating one full over to be bowled for each 3.75 minutes (or part thereof) of time remaining.
- (e) Any over that has commenced will constitute a full over for the purpose of determining the minimum daily quota of overs.
- (f) Where playing time is lost after the scheduled close of play, the deduction will be continued, or commenced, at the same rate.
- (g) Where a wicket falls in the last over after the scheduled cessation time, but the quota of overs has not been achieved, the over must be

completed in order to complete the minimum number of overs. If the last actual over of the day's play is not completed, it shall be completed at the commencement of the following day's play, prior to commencement of the minimum quota of overs for that day's play.

5.17.2 Loss of Playing Time

- (a) Under no circumstances do Game 3 Playing Conditions apply as a result of loss of playing time.
- (b) Where the commencement of play is delayed, or there is any interruption(s) to play due to ground, weather, light or any other unforeseen circumstance:
 - (i) The minimum quota of overs to be bowled that day is:
 - (A) unaffected for the first (aggregate) 30 minutes of scheduled playing time lost; and
 - (B) reduced by one over for each 3.75 minutes of scheduled playing time lost thereafter.
 - (ii) The finishing time is adjusted by the period of scheduled playing time lost, up to a maximum of 30 minutes.
- (d) In all Shires Finals Series matches -

Where fewer than 96 overs were bowled on any day of the final due to ground, weather or light conditions, additional time and overs of up to a maximum of 24 overs shall be added to the scheduled playing hours for the next day's play as required (to make up as much lost time as possible). Refer table 4B on page 23.

5.17.3 Restrictions on Underage Bowlers

- (a) No medium pace or faster bowler (broadly defined by one or both umpires as those to whom the wicketkeeper would normally stand back) shall be permitted to bowl more than the number of overs in a spell, and number of overs in a day's play as set out below:

AGE AT 31 AUGUST	MAXIMUM OVERS IN A SPELL	MAXIMUM OVERS IN A DAY'S PLAY
Under 19	8	24
Under 18	8	24
Under 17	6	20
Under 16	6	20
Under 15	5	12
Under 14	4	10

- (b) Length of Break
 - (i) All Grades including Age competitions - The break between spells is to be a minimum of 30 minutes (including the luncheon and tea intervals and any interruptions to play).
 - (ii) A bowler who has bowled a spell of less than the maximum spell permitted for his age (defined in (a) above) may resume bowling prior to the completion of the necessary break, but this will be considered an extension of the same spell and the maximum spell limit for that age of player shall still apply. Following the completion of the extended spell, the normal break of 30 minutes between spells shall apply and the break within the spell is disregarded.

- (iii) If a change of innings occurs, and a bowler commences bowling in the new innings within 30 minutes of bowling in the previous innings, this shall be considered an extension of the same spell and the maximum spell limit and daily limits for that age of player shall still apply.
- (c) **Change of Bowling Type**

Where a bowler changes between medium pace (or faster) and slow bowling during a day's play:

 - (i) if the bowler begins with medium pace (or faster), the bowler is subject to the Playing Condition throughout the day; and
 - (ii) if the bowler begins with slow bowling and changes to medium pace (or faster), the Playing Condition applies from the time of the change, and all overs of slow bowling bowled prior to the change shall not be taken into account in either the current spell or the daily limit.
- (d)
 - (i) It is the responsibility of the fielding captain to ensure that this Playing Condition is upheld. The umpires will assist in maintaining records to enable the enforcement of this Playing Condition together with the Scorers of the match. Scorers must notify the umpires and fielding captain whenever a bowler reaches the maximum number of overs he may bowl without a break, and must notify the umpires immediately if a bowler starts (or is about to start) an over when he is not permitted to bowl under this Playing Condition.
 - (ii) If the umpires become aware of a breach of this Playing Condition, when the ball is dead, they shall direct the captain to take the bowler off forthwith. If applicable, the over shall be completed by another bowler who shall have neither bowled the previous over nor be allowed to bowl the next over.
 - (iii) Should a dispute or uncertainty regarding the application of this Playing Condition occur during play, the umpires shall make the final decision on its application based on information available from the Scorers and other sources.

Examples (all assuming bowlers aged 16, and bowling fast, unless otherwise indicated):

1. A bowler bowls 4 overs, and is taken off by the captain. He is brought back from the other end after 15 minutes. He may bowl a further 2 overs, after which he cannot bowl for at least 30 consecutive minutes.
2. A bowler bowls 5 overs, and is then taken off. He returns to bowl 75 minutes later. This is considered a new spell, and he can bowl 6 overs in that spell (subject to his daily limit).
3. A bowler bowls 4 overs, and the players then take a 40-minute luncheon interval. He resumes bowling on resumption (a total of 44 minutes since he last bowled). This is considered a new spell, and he can bowl 6 overs in that spell (subject to his daily limit).
4. A bowler who bowls 6 overs just prior to the end of a day can resume on the next playing day with a new bowling spell, and has a limit on that day of 16 overs.

5. A bowler bowls 10 overs of slow bowling, and then continues his spell, but bowls 2 overs of pace bowling. He then reverts to slow bowling. He is limited to a spell of 6 overs from the time he commenced pace bowling, after which time a break of 30 minutes is required before he can bowl further. The overs bowled prior to his pace overs are ignored totally from both his “bowling spell” and daily limits, but further overs of slow bowling after his pace overs are treated as though they were still being bowled at pace.

5.18 LAW 18 (SCORING RUNS) shall apply.

5.19 LAW 19 (BOUNDARIES) shall apply.

5.20 LAW 20 (DEAD BALL) shall apply.

5.21 LAW 21 (NO BALL) shall apply subject to related SCA policy regarding doubtful bowling actions.

5.21.1 LAW 21.10 (Ball bouncing over head height of striker) shall not apply.

5.22 LAW 22 (WIDE BALL) shall apply.

5.23 LAW 23 (BYE AND LEG BYE) shall apply.

5.24 LAW 24 (FIELDER’S ABSENCE; SUBSTITUTES) shall apply subject to the following.

5.24.1 Use of Ineligible Player

Refer Playing Condition 5.16.9.

5.24.2 Fielder Absent or Leaving the Field (Law 24.2 shall be replaced by the following).

- (a) If a fielder fails to take the field with his side at the start of the match or at any later time, or leaves the field during a session of play, the umpire shall be informed of the reason for his absence, and he shall not thereafter come on to the field during a session of play without the consent of the umpire (see Law 24.4). The umpire shall give such consent as soon as practicable.
- (b) If the player is absent from the field for longer than 8 minutes:
- (i) the player shall not be permitted to bowl in that innings after his return until he has been on the field for at least that length of playing time for which he was absent. In the event of a follow-on or forfeiture, this restriction will, if necessary, continue into the second innings.
- (ii) the player shall not be permitted to bat unless or until, in the aggregate, he has returned to the field and/or his side’s innings has been in progress for at least that length of playing time for which he has been absent or, if earlier, when his side has lost five wickets.
- (c) The above restrictions shall not apply if the player has suffered an external blow (as opposed to an internal injury such as a pulled muscle) whilst participating earlier in the match and consequently been forced to leave the field. Nor shall it apply if the player has been absent for very exceptional and wholly acceptable reasons (other than injury or illness).
- (d) This restriction shall not apply at the commencement of a new day’s play.

- (e) In the event of a fieldsman already being off the field at the commencement of an interruption in play through ground, weather or light conditions or for other exceptional circumstances, he shall be allowed to count any such stoppage time as playing time, provided that he personally informs the umpires when he is fit enough to take the field had play been in progress.

5.24.3 Concussion Substitute

Refer Concussion Substitute Policy.

5.25 LAW 25 (BATSMAN’S INNINGS; RUNNERS) shall apply subject to the following

5.25.1 Batsman Retiring

- (a) An injured batsman who has temporarily retired, and is unable to return after the fall of the ninth wicket shall be recorded in the scorebooks as “Retired – not out” and the innings shall be deemed closed.
- (b) Where an injury occurs to a batsman involved in a tenth wicket partnership, a maximum of five minutes will be allowed in order for the batsman to obtain treatment. If the batsman is unable to resume after the five minutes he shall be recorded in the scorebooks as “Retired – not out” as described above.
- (c) A team is considered dismissed and deemed to have lost 10 wickets, even if batsmen are absent, ill or injured.

5.25.2 Concussion Substitute

Refer Concussion Substitute Policy.

5.26 LAW 26 (PRACTICE ON THE FIELD) shall apply.

5.27 LAW 27 (THE WICKET-KEEPER) shall apply subject to the following.

5.27.1 Protective Equipment – The Wicket-Keeper

Refer to SCA Helmet Policy.

5.28 LAW 28 (THE FIELDER) shall apply subject to the following.

5.28.1 Protective Equipment - The Fielder

Refer to SCA Helmet Policy.

5.29 LAW 29 (THE WICKET IS DOWN) shall apply.

5.30 LAW 30 (BATSMAN OUT OF HIS/HER GROUND) shall apply.

5.31 LAW 31 (APPEALS) shall apply.

5.32 LAW 32 (BOWLED) shall apply.

5.33 LAW 33 (CAUGHT) shall apply.

5.34 LAW 34 (HIT THE BALL TWICE) shall apply.

5.35 LAW 35 (HIT WICKET) shall apply.

5.36 LAW 36 (LEG BEFORE WICKET) shall apply.

5.37 LAW 37 (OBSTRUCTING THE FIELD) shall apply.

5.38 LAW 38 (RUN OUT) shall apply.

5.39 LAW 39 (STUMPED) shall apply.

5.40 LAW 40 (TIMED OUT) shall apply.

5.41 LAW 41 (UNFAIR PLAY) shall apply subject to the following.

5.41.1 Law 41.11 (Damaging the pitch – the protected area)

- (a) In order to assist in the protection of pitch surfaces, all batsmen, bowlers and wicketkeepers must wear spiked footwear.
- (b) Non-spiked footwear may only be worn during any match:
 - (i) where a player provides a certificate from a registered medical practitioner or physiotherapist stating that wearing of spiked footwear would be detrimental to the player's physical well-being;
 - (ii) other than Premier First Grade or Premier Second Grade, where the player concerned has been chosen as a late selection to fill a vacancy, and that player is not a regular Premier or Shires player.
- (c) The umpires shall report any breach of this Playing Condition to the relevant captain at the end of the day's play.

5.41.2 Law 41.6 (Bowling of dangerous and unfair short pitched deliveries)

- (a) A bowler shall be limited to two fast short pitched deliveries per over.
- (b) A dangerous and unfair short pitched delivery is defined as a ball which, after pitching, passes or would have passed above the shoulder height of the striker standing upright at the crease.
- (c) The umpire at the bowler's end shall advise the bowler and the batsman on strike when each fast short pitched delivery has been bowled.
- (d) In addition, for the purpose of this regulation and subject to clause 1.41.3 (f) below, a ball that passes above head height of the batsman, that prevents him from being able to hit it with his bat by means of a normal cricket stroke shall be called a Wide.
- (e) For the avoidance of doubt any fast short pitched delivery that is called a Wide under this playing condition shall also count as one of the allowable short pitched deliveries in that over.
- (f) In the event of a bowler bowling more than two fast short pitched deliveries in an over as defined in clause 5.41.3 (b) above, the umpire at the bowler's end shall call and signal No ball on each occasion. A differential signal shall be used to signify a fast short pitched delivery. The umpire shall call and signal No ball and then tap the head with the other hand.
- (g) If a bowler delivers a third fast short pitched ball in an over, the umpire, after the call of No ball and when the ball is dead, shall caution the bowler, inform the other umpire, the captain of the fielding side and the batsmen at the wicket of what has occurred. This caution shall apply throughout the innings.
- (h) If there is a second instance of the bowler being no balled in the innings for bowling more than two fast short pitched deliveries in an over, the umpire shall advise the bowler that this is his final warning for the innings. The umpire shall also inform the other umpire, the

captain of the fielding side and the batsmen at the wicket of what has occurred.

- (i) Should there be any further instance by the same bowler in that innings, the umpire shall call and signal No ball and when the ball is dead direct the captain to take the bowler off forthwith. If necessary, the over shall be completed by another bowler, who shall neither have bowled the previous over, or part thereof, nor be allowed to bowl the next over, or part thereof.
- (j) The bowler thus taken off shall not be allowed to bowl again in that innings.
- (k) The umpire shall report the occurrence to the other umpire, the batsmen at the wicket and as soon as possible to the captain of the batting side.
- (l) The umpires shall then report the matter to the SCA who shall take such action as is considered appropriate against the captain and the bowler concerned.

5.42 LAW 42 (PLAYERS' CONDUCT) shall be replaced by the following.

5.42.1 Law 42.1 (Unacceptable conduct)

- (a) Any Club member, umpire or Club official engaging in disorderly or improper behaviour, either on or off the field, and whether taking part in a match or not, breaches the Code of Conduct and may be dealt with by the SCA.
- (b) Where a Club member, umpire or Club official is reported for an alleged breach of the Code of Conduct, the procedures set out in the SCA's Rules must be followed.
- (c) Each club shall appoint or elect each of its officials and volunteers to Membership of the club, in order to ensure that each such person is bound by the SCA's Code of Conduct. Such persons shall include all those serving as honorary or paid umpires, scorers, coaches, selectors, team managers, team support staff, ground managers and canteen staff. Such Membership may be Honorary, Non-Playing, or of any other form that is available to the club.
- (d) Any player guilty of a breach of the Code of Conduct during the season, in any match, in any grade or competition, is ineligible to receive an award for Player of the Year or Captain of the Year.
- (e) The captain of a team may be deemed to have breached the Code of Conduct if a player in that team engages in disorderly or improper conduct or behaviour. The captain, if deemed by the Code of Conduct Commissioner to have breached the Code of Conduct under this interpretation, may be dealt with by the SCA's Judiciary Committee.

**TABLE 2- LOSS OF PLAY IN TWO-DAY MATCHES
(REFER GAMES 1, 2 & 5, PLAYING CONDITION 1.17, 2.17 & 5.17 OF THE
PLAYING CONDITIONS, AS APPROPRIATE)**

Notes- Reduce minimum by 1 over for each WHOLE 3.75 minutes lost.
Refer Law 17 of the Playing Conditions for provision to make up lost time
BEFORE reducing overs.

Minutes Lost	Overs Lost
4	1
8	2
12	3
15	4
19	5
23	6
27	7
30	8
34	9
38	10
42	11
45	12
49	13
53	14
57	15
60	16
64	17
68	18
72	19
75	20
79	21
83	22
87	23
90	24
94	25
98	26
102	27
105	28
109	29
113	30
117	31
120	32
124	33
128	34

Minutes Lost	Overs Lost
132	35
135	36
139	37
143	38
147	39
150	40
154	41
158	42
162	43
165	44
169	45
173	46
177	47
180	48
184	49
188	50
192	51
195	52
199	53
203	54
207	55
210	56
214	57
218	58
222	59
225	60
229	61
233	62
237	63
240	64
244	65
248	66
252	67
255	68

Minutes Lost	Overs Lost
259	69
263	70
267	71
270	72
274	73
278	74
282	75
285	76
289	77
293	78
297	79
300	80
304	81
308	82
312	83
315	84
319	85
323	86
327	87
330	88
334	89
338	90
342	91
345	92
349	93
353	94
357	95
360	96
364	97
368	98
372	99
375	100

**TABLE 4B - ADDITIONAL PLAYING TIME
(REFER PLAYING CONDITION AND 5.17.2)**

Application:

- Day 2 in all Shires Finals Series matches

For all matches played during non daylight saving periods, every time specified in the below table shall be brought forward 1 hour.

DAY 1or 2	DAY 2 or 3					
	1ST SESSION		2ND SESSION		3RD SESSION	
OVERS LOST	START	LUNCH	START	TEA	START	CLOSE
1	10.26am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
2	10.22am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
3	10.19am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
4	10.15am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
5	10.11am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
6	10.08am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
7	10.04am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
8	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.30pm
9	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.34pm
10	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.38pm
11	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.41pm
12	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.45pm
13	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.49pm
14	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.53pm
15	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	5.56pm
16	10.00am	12.30pm	1.10pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
17	9.56am	12.00pm	12.40pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
18	9.52am	12.00pm	12.40pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
19	9.49am	12.00pm	12.40pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
20	9.45am	12.00pm	12.40pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
21	9.41am	11.50am	12.30pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
22	9.38am	11.50am	12.30pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
23	9.34am	11.50am	12.30pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm
24+	9.30am	11.50am	12.30pm	3.10pm	3.30pm	6.00pm

